

AVO Anomaly Detection using Principal Component Analysis

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April 18, 2017



Can we create a more robust approach for finding AVO anomalies while decreasing the analysis time and increasing accuracy?



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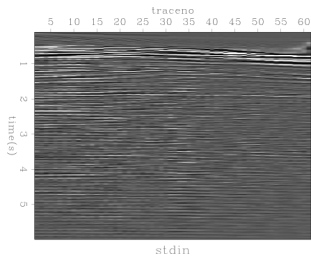
Time consuming!



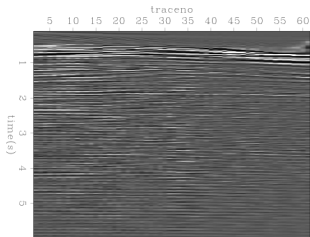
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- Bougher and Herrmann (2016) showed principal component analysis (PCA) can identify AVO anomalies.



Method

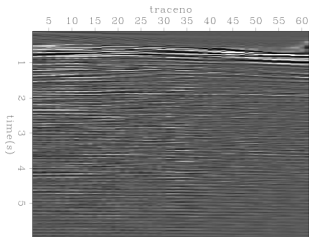


stdin



$$\begin{matrix} t_1 \\ \downarrow \\ t_n \end{matrix} \begin{bmatrix} PC_1 \\ 0.15 \\ -0.1 \\ 0.12 \\ 0.6 \\ \cdot \\ \cdot \\ \cdot \\ -1.0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} PC_2 \\ -0.4 \\ -1.2 \\ 0.3 \\ 0.21 \\ \cdot \\ \cdot \\ \cdot \\ 0.5 \end{bmatrix} + \dots + \begin{bmatrix} PC_n \\ 0.04 \\ 0.01 \\ -0.15 \\ 0.67 \\ \cdot \\ \cdot \\ \cdot \\ -0.01 \end{bmatrix}$$

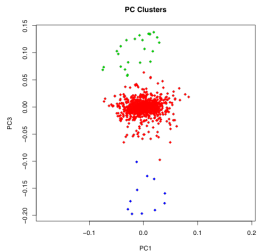
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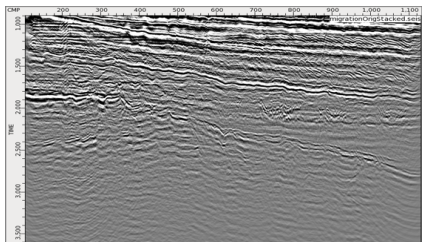
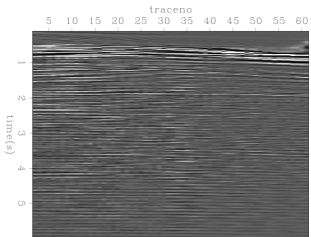
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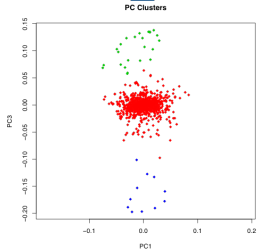
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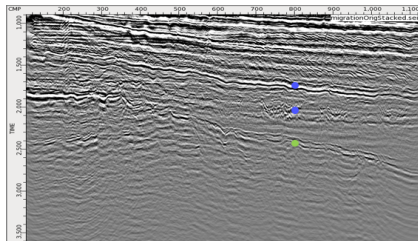
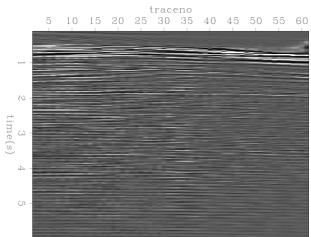
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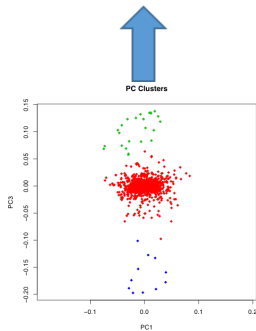


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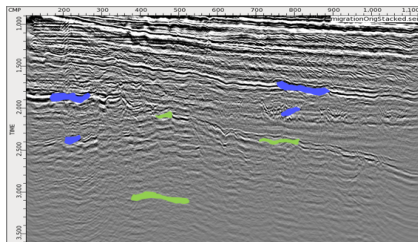
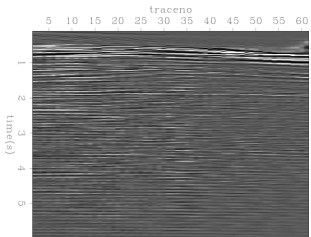


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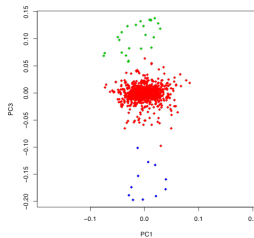
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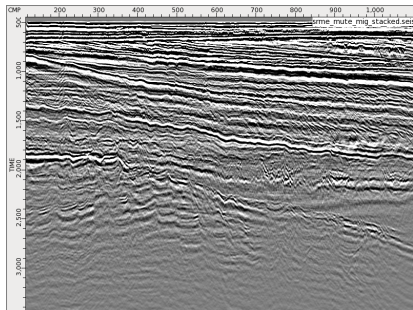


We expand on the PCA technique by:

- 1 Using field data.
- 2 Evaluating higher principal components.
- 3 Using synthetic model to evaluate what affects principal components.

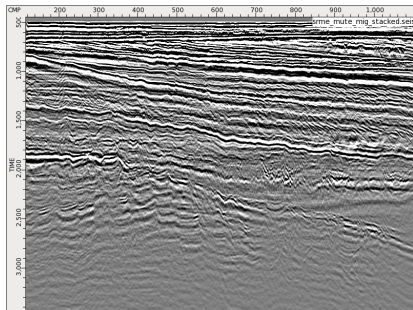


- Mobil Viking Graben 2D data.

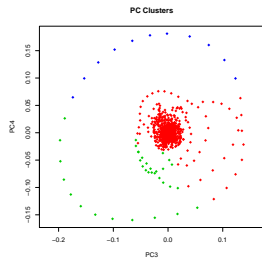
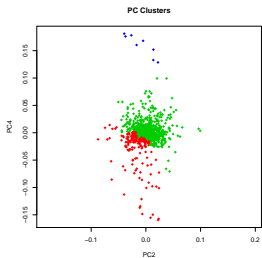
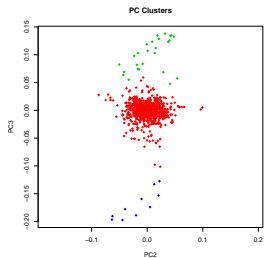
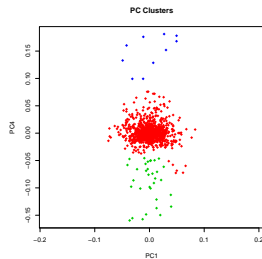
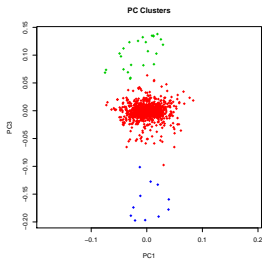
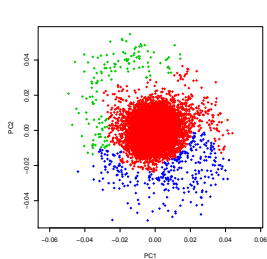




- Mobil Viking Graben 2D data.
- Preprocessing
 - ▶ Amplitude balancing.
 - ▶ Surface related multiple elimination.
 - ▶ Prestack Kirchhoff migration.



Preliminary Results





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- How can we bridge the gap between PCA and rock physics?
- Link PCA anomalies to known physical anomalies.
 - ▶ Create synthetic earth models.
 - ▶ Insert various anomalies (gas, oil, anisotropy, attenuation).
 - ▶ Observe effects on principal components.



- Map to image space



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- Refine preprocessing



- Map to image space
- Refine preprocessing
- Reproduce previous results



- Map to image space
- Refine preprocessing
- Reproduce previous results
- Forward modeling to link to physics

Thanks for listening



Questions?