SEP passive seismic dataset

Carmen B. Mora¹

ABSTRACT

This dataset consists of the stacks along four directions (inline, crossline, and two diagonal) of 15 records from a passive seismic experiment (Cole, 1989b). The original raw data was acquired by SEP in September of 1988. The first dimension on each dataset is time, the second correspond to the four stack directions, the third dimension correspond to different time windows.

¹**email:** cmora@sep.stanford.edu

2 Mora SEP–DATALIB

SEP PASSIVE SEISMIC PARTIAL STACK

Raw Data

Velocity Model

Partial Stack /data/oldq2/passive/stack.1.H, /data/oldq2/passive/stack.5.H, /data/oldq2/passive/stack.9.H, /data/oldq2/passive/stack.13.H, /data/oldq2/passive/stack.17.H, /data/oldq2/passive/stack.21.H, /data/oldq2/passive/stack.25.H, /data/oldq2/passive/stack.29.H, /data/oldq2/passive/stack.33.H, /data/oldq2/passive/stack.37.H, /data/oldq2/passive/stack.41.H, /data/oldq2/passive/stack.44.H, /data/oldq2/passive/stack.45.H, /data/oldq2/passive/stack.46.H, /data/oldq2/passive/stack.47.H, /data/oldq2/passive/stack.48.H,

Zero-offset Migration

Usage Passive seismic experiments: (Nichols et al., 1989), (Nichols, 1989), (Zhang, 1989), (Cole, 1989a) (Cole, 1995) Imaging: (Cole, 1989b)

Geometry

Problem

History of Data Raw two dimensional array data acquired by SEP in September of 1988 in a passive seismic experiment. Partial stacks of 15 records along four directions: inline, crossline, and two diagonal. As presented by Cole in (Cole, 1989b), the equations for stacking associated to the recorded 3-D data P(it,ix,iy) are:

$$P_1(it,ih) = \sum_{ix} P(it,ix,ih+ix)$$

$$P_2(it,ih) = \sum_{ix} P(it,ix,ih-ix+nx)$$

A README file in the data directory stays:

"The following lists gives the recording time of each record and some additional information where relevant

```
1 7:43 PM test record, many stations not working
5 3:50 AM
9 3:54 AM
13 3:58 AM
17 4:02 AM
```

21	4:06 AM	
25	4:10 AM	
29	4:14 AM	
33	4:18 AM	
37	4:22 AM	
41	4:26 AM	
44	11:00 AM	single 300 lb. charge detonated in quarry
45	11:27 AM	
46	11:30 AM	1500 lbs. of explosives (quarry blast) detonated
47	11:45 AM	large plane passes over survey area
48	12:00 NOON	single 100 lb. charge detonated in quarry"

Preprocessing

Proprietary Considerations

REFERENCES

- Cole, S., 1989a, Downward continuation analysis of passive seismic data: SEP-60, 97-108.
- Cole, S., 1989b, Scattering analysis of passive seismic data: SEP-**61**, 115–132.
- Cole, S. P., 1995, Passive seismic and drill-bit experiments using 2-D arrays: Ph.D. thesis, Stanford University.
- Nichols, D., Cole, S., and Zhang, L., 1989, An introduction to the SEP passive seismic dataset: SEP-**60**, 67-76.
- Nichols, D., 1989, Three dimensional slant stacks and elliptical moveout of passive seismic data: SEP-**60**, 77-84.
- Zhang, L., 1989, Reflectivity estimation from passive seismic data: SEP-60, 85-96.

4 Mora SEP-DATALIB

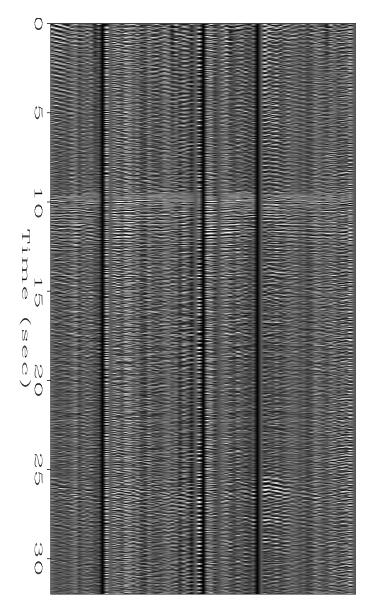


Figure 1: Partial stack data corresponding to record number 46. Note the blast arrival arround 9.7 seconds. sep-passive-pstack46 [ER]

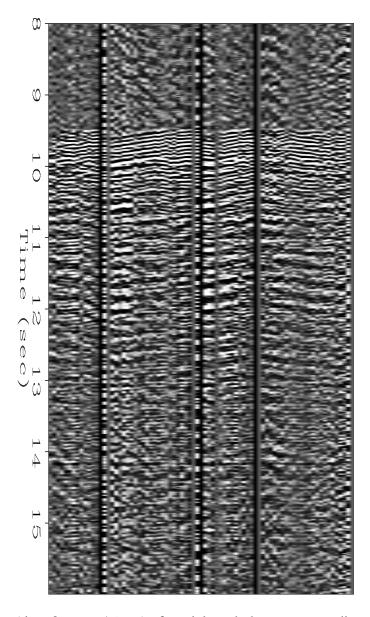


Figure 2: Window (time 8 sec to 16 sec) of partial stack data corresponding to record number 46. sep-passive-pstackw46 [ER]

SEP-DATALIB